## **Artificial Intelligence**

### Lecture 23

# Uncertainty

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## **Outlines**

- Source of Uncertainty
- How to classify uncertainty?
- Making Decision: Uncertainty
- Uncertainty Analysis/Handling Techniques

# Uncertainty

The world is not a well-defined place. There are many challenges that occur due to uncertainty.



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# **Source of Uncertainty**

#### • Uncertain data

- missing data, unreliable, ambiguous, imprecise representation, inconsistent, subjective, derived from defaults, noisy, etc.

#### • Uncertain knowledge

- multiple causes lead to multiple effects
- incomplete knowledge of causality in the domain
- probabilistic/stochastic effects
- Uncertain knowledge representation
  - restricted model of the real system
  - limited expressiveness of the representation mechanism

#### • Inference process

- derived result is formally correct, but wrong in the real world
- new conclusions are not well-founded (e.g., inductive reasoning)
- incomplete, default reasoning methods

# How to classify uncertainty?

- The term **Uncertainty** covers a lot of concepts. It can be due to lack of knowledge or insufficient information, due to vagueness, no specificity and conflict in the information.
- It can be defined as a situation where the information available to the decision makers is imprecise to be summarized by a probabilistic measure.
- Uncertainty can be classified into four classes, namely:
  - **1)** Epistemic (Inter and Intra and models)
  - 2) Linguistic (Word Perception)
  - 3) Ambiguity (Word Perception)
  - **4)** Variability (Stationary and Dynamic Situation)

### **Making Decision: Uncertainty**



## **Uncertainty Analysis/Handling**

- Uncertainty analysis is a process that measures, recognizes, identifies and minimizes the all types of uncertainty in a risk estimates.
- The uncertainty analysis includes many statistical problems such as:
  - ≻ Uncertainty factor.
  - > Decision making with uncertain information.
  - Estimation of uncertainty in complex models of risk.
  - Structural uncertainty and model specification.
  - > Monitoring methods to reduce uncertainty.

### **Techniques to analysis/handle Uncertainty**

- Various methods or techniques are available for analyzing or handling uncertainty.
- Some of the uncertainty analysis techniques are:
  - Probabilistic Analysis
  - Fuzzy Analysis
  - Bayesian Analysis
  - Soft Computing Techniques, including: Data Mining, Signal Processing, Pattern Recognition, Neural Networks, Hidden Markov Models, etc.

### Uncertainty TO BE CONTINUED...